

Risk Assessment – VI-RA-019- IFNγ ELISPOT Assay

Scope

The interferon (IFN)-γ Elispot assay has been widely used as a general screening method for the quantification and characterization of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-specific CD8+ T cell responses. This assays relies on the fact that T-lymphocytes from peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) will release IFN-γ when exposed to specific antigens, such as peptide-reactive T lymphocytes.

Carried out by:	Tiphaine Bo Jones	ouriez-	Date carried out:	May 2015	Review Due:	M	May 2018	
Hazard	Affected Groups		Existing controls			Risk	Further actions	
(Cause and consequence)								
Injury due to misuse or faulty		Staff	All users are trained in the correct operation of instruments.			Low	Incubators and	
equipment		Students	Specialised equipment such as centrifuges and incubators are				centrifuges	
		and	under maintenance service contract.				serviced yearly	
		visitors						
Infection from exposure to		Staff	CL3 biological agents Only trained users who have shown evidence of their experience			Medium	Bi-yearly checks on	
pathogens		Students					the BSC within CL3	
- Via direct contact with the		and	to the CL3 Safety Officer will have access to the CL3 suite out of					
pathogen (i.e. skin adsorption from		visitors	hours.				Yearly checks on	
splash)			Each user is trained	to adhere to the CL3	Code of Practice, they		BSC in CL2	
- Via spill of material			will follow the prec	autions involved with	handling and storing			
- Via incorrect disposal of waste			pathogens.					
			Every user must dou gown and wear safet The use of sharps is t	uble glove, wear a least ty spectacles whilst w forbidden in the CL3 s	ak-resistant disposable orking in the suites. uites.			
			Out of hours worker or work in pairs.	s must at least have a	buddy system in place			

VI_RA_019 Issue 001 – May 2015 (TBJ)

Risk Assessment – VI-RA-019- IFNy ELISPOT Assay



		Users are familiar with emergency procedures and a spill drill is implemented as a check on measures.		
		A telephone available in each CL3 suite, with up-to-date list of emergency contact details next to it.		
		Waste is autoclaved within the suite, samples will be packaged in tertiary container is they need to be taken outside of the CL3 suite.		
		No engineer is allowed to work out of hours in the CL3 suite.		
		CL2 biological agents		
		Users are trained to follow good microbiological practice. They must wear blue labcoat, nitrile gloves and safety spectacles at all time whilst working in CL2.		
		Procedures in case of spill or exposure policies are explained at induction and the policies are displayed in the CL2 laboratories.		
Exposure to chemical:	Staff,	Via Inhalation: AEC is available in tablet form to reduce the risk of	Medium	None
AEC:	students	inhalation.		
H301 Toxic if swallowed.	and	Via skin adsorption: User must wear gloves and labcoat at all time.		
H350 May cause cancer	visitors	Via instillation (eye): User must wear safety spectacles at all time.		
		See specific COSHH risk assessment for each chemical.		
Exposure to chemical:	Staff,	Via Inhalation: stock available in solution, if using a highly	Medium	Checks on LeV
Acetic Acid:	students	concentrated stock, the bottle must be opened inside a fume		
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.	and	cupboard.		
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye	visitors	Via skin adsorption: User must wear gloves and labcoat at all time.		
damage		Via instillation (eye): User must wear safety spectacles at all time.		
		Fire hazard: Acetic acid stock must be stored in a flammable		
		cupboard.		

VI_RA_019 Issue 001 – May 2015 (TBJ)

Risk Assessment – VI-RA-019- IFNγ ELISPOT Assay





Exposure to chemical:

vapour.

atmospheres.

VI_RA_019 Issue 001 – May 2015 (TBJ)

Industrial Methylated Spirit (IMS):

H225 Highly flammable liquid and

Asphysiation in oxygen deficient

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Risk Assessment – VI-RA-019- IFNγ ELISPOT Assay

Staff,

and visitors

Staff

Students

Visitors

students



Via Inhalation: stock available in solution.

Via skin adsorption: User must wear gloves and labcoat at all time.

Via instillation (eye): User must wear safety spectacles at all time.

Fire hazard: IMS stock must be stored in a flammable cupboard.

See specific COSHH risk assessment for each chemical.

Oxygen level sensors and air change extraction system.

It is the users responsibility to ensure what controls are needed to ensure that the health of themselves and others around them. It is imperative that you **DO NOT** start any work until you are absolutely sure of the appropriate precautions that need to be employed. If you are unsure seek advice from your line/laboratory manager or your departmental safety officer (DSO).



Regular checks of

extraction system to reduce chance

Regular checks on

the integrity of the

Monitoring use of

PPE are checked on

a regular basis by

oxygen sensor system and

of failure

face shield.

face shield

Facilities

Medium

High

None